### Watch

This handout is intended to accompany the Lesson Plan: Hands On Skill Development using Sit to Stand.

1. Using your group discussion and feedback from instructors, complete the chart below. Be specific as you list the impairments.

| Functional Limitation                     | Task AnalysisWhat part of the task are theystruggling with? | Impairments Contributing to<br>Functional Limitation |
|---|---|--|
| Decreased ability to go from sit to stand |   | 1.   |
|   |   | 2.   |
|   |   | 3.   |
|   |   | 4.   |
|   |   | 5.   |
|   |   | 6.   |
|   |   | 7.   |
|   |   | 8.   |
|   |   |  |

- 2. Document one short-term goal for this patient. Goals must be specific, measurable, attainable, realistic and time specific. Goals must also be patient centered and relate to the treatment setting and the patient's prior level of function.
- 3. Document one long-term goal for this patient.
- 4. Goals should direct your treatment. As a group, discuss goal writing in various settings. What are the indications for an impairment-based goal versus a functionally based goal? What type of goal do you think is more appropriate for Henry? Defend your answer.

5. Treatment planning: one possible approach.

Practice verbalizing to a peer why you chose this treatment intervention. For each task or activity, include:

- Patient position
- Equipment
- Environment
- Practice conditions
- Manual facilitation
- Verbal cues

Ask yourself is the treatment idea is:

- Safe
- Goal oriented
- Related to functional limitations
- Related to impairments
- Salient

| Task or Activity | Rationale for<br>Activity | Progression of this<br>Activity with<br>Rationale | Regression of this<br>Activity with<br>Rationale |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
|                  |                           |   |  |
|                  |                           |   |  |
|                  |                           |   |  |
|                  |                           |   |  |

Some critical thinking questions to consider before you start your treatment:

6. At what level of the motor control continuum is your activity? Did you consider this as you were planning it and how does it align with where the patient is currently performing?

- 7. Is your treatment directed at one of your stated goals?
- 8. Does your treatment focus solely on impairments without considering function? Provide a rationale for this approach. Discuss how this impacts the patient's functional recovery.
- 9. Does your treatment focus solely on function without considering impairments? Provide a rationale for this approach. Discuss how this impacts the patient's ability to overcome their impairments.
- 10. Does the chosen treatment mean something to the patient? This is salience and its important for patient buy-in with therapy. How could you improve salience in this intervention?
- 11. Discuss how you would approach setting up this treatment with the patient. What equipment is needed and what safety considerations exist? Talk through your plan with a peer before you begin.



#### Guidelines for hands on practice:

Perform your treatment intervention. Use patient friendly language at all times.

Perform your progression of the initial activity and your regression.

Seek out feedback from peers and lab instructors regarding:

- Your body mechanics
- Your safety awareness and ability to keep the patient safe
- Your ability to build a rapport with your patient
- Your ability to initiate and terminate the treatment
- Your handling skills and ability to facilitate movement

